Unit 2 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. God guided Jacob’s destiny and gave him
   a. a new wife.                          c. a new home.
   b. the new name Israel.               d. money.

2. When Moses asked his name, God called himself
   a. Father John.                       c. the Father.
   b. the Messiah.                      d. Yahweh.

3. To remember the new covenant that began with Jesus’ Death and Resurrection,
   a. we buy things.                    c. we celebrate Advent.
   b. we celebrate the Eucharist.       d. we do all of the above.

4. Good results from bad choices and situations can occur because of
   a. serious promises.                 c. Divine Providence.
   b. Advent.                           d. catechism.

5. When the Hebrews reached Mount Sinai, God gave Moses
   a. manna.                            c. the Old Testament.
   b. the Ten Commandments.             d. the pharaoh.

6. Through the Old Testament, the prophets share God’s promise to send
   a. wealth and riches.                c. the Ten Commandments.
   b. the Messiah.                     d. food and clothing.

7. During Advent we decorate a Jesse tree with
   a. fruit and candy.                  c. purple flowers.
   b. candles.                         d. symbols from the Bible.

8. In choosing to be with Uriah’s wife, David
   a. could not rule Israel.            c. gave up his kingdom.
   b. lost the trust of his army.       d. ignored what he knew was right.

9. All of the following are true of the Exodus except that
   a. it was a journey to freedom.       c. it ended with Passover.
   b. it lasted 40 years.               d. God supplied manna for food.

10. Ruth set aside her own needs to care for her
    a. relatives.                       c. children.
    b. mother-in-law.                  d. property.
Unit 2 Assessment

B. Circle the word or words that best complete each sentence.

11. During the famine, Jacob and his family went to (Egypt  Jerusalem).

12. John Neumann was one of the most influential (popes  bishops) to have lived in the United States.

13. When God created the world, he rested on the seventh day. That day is celebrated as (the Sabbath  Passover).

14. After Jacob took his brother’s birthright, he also tricked (Isaac  Esau) into blessing him.

15. Jacob’s descendants came to be known as the (Moabs  Israelites).

16. The Hebrew people were enslaved by the Egyptian (pharaoh  covenant).

17. (Mass  Passover) is celebrated as a memorial to God for saving the Hebrews from slavery.

18. During the Exodus, God gave the Hebrews food that fell from the sky, called (pharaoh  manna).

19. God reminds us that freedom of choice is not only a gift but also a (responsibility  consequence).

20. Advent is celebrated with a spirit of (foreboding  reflection) during which we prepare ourselves to celebrate the coming of Jesus.

21. During Advent, the priest wears (green  violet) vestments.

22. Ruth was the great-grandmother of (King David  Jesus).

23. King David established (Bethlehem  Jerusalem) as the capital of Israel.

24. The Church’s liturgical year begins on the (first  last) Sunday of Advent.

25. The Hebrew word (Yahweh  Moses) means “I am who I am.”
Unit 2 Assessment

Show What You Know

C. Why does a unit about Jesus include stories about Jacob, Moses, David, and Ruth? What is their connection to Jesus?

Beliefs and Perceptions

D. Through Divine Providence, God may bring about good results from bad choices. Is it ever right to make a bad choice in hopes of having a good result? What is the role of free will in making moral choices?
Unit 3 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. Wisdom Literature
   a. tells only stories of kings.  
   b. helps us explore life's meaning and gives practical advice.  
   c. is only about Jesus' life.  
   d. is meant to entertain us.

2. In ancient Judaism, worshipers thanked God through
   a. donating all possessions.  
   b. animal sacrifice.  
   c. human sacrifice.  
   d. hours of prayer.

3. Mass is an example of
   a. communal prayer.  
   b. personal prayer.  
   c. Wisdom Literature.  
   d. none of these.

4. The first visitors to acknowledge Jesus as king were the
   a. priests.  
   b. prophets.  
   c. soldiers.  
   d. Magi.

5. The four Marks of the Church are identified in the
   a. Lord's Prayer.  
   c. Hail Mary.  
   d. Magnificat.

6. The Nicene Creed helps Christians remember important
   a. names and dates.  
   b. virtues.  
   c. beliefs of the faith.  
   d. holy days.

7. Saint Helena was the mother of
   a. an Apostle.  
   b. Saint Peter.  
   c. a Roman emperor.  
   d. a carpenter.

8. Catholic means
   a. "with the Apostles."  
   b. "holy."  
   c. "universal."  
   d. "gift of grace."

9. The liturgical color during Christmas is
   a. purple.  
   b. white.  
   c. gold.  
   d. red.

10. Epiphany means
    a. "revelation."  
    b. "to become holy."  
    c. "to bear gifts."  
    d. "to watch and learn."
Unit 3 Assessment

B. Circle the choice that best completes each sentence.

11. A great temple to God was constructed on Mount Zion by (David Solomon).

12. (Psalms Personal prayers) are conversations between God and ourselves alone.

13. The Church is (holy apostolic) because it lives in union with Jesus.

14. Mary is called the Seat of Wisdom because she trusted God with perfect (obedience intelligence).

15. The Ark of the Covenant was said to have held the actual stone tablets received by (Moses Abraham).

16. Today the Church is still the sign and instrument of God’s (communion construction) with all humanity.

17. The Magi were guided to Jesus by a (bright star singing bird).

18. The Church is (apostolic catholic) because it traces its tradition directly from the Apostles.

19. (Paul Mary) is the greatest example of holiness.

20. The People of God are all (miracles temples) of the Holy Spirit.

21. Paul encouraged Christians to treat one another with love as they learned from Jesus and (Mary the Apostles).

22. The Magi’s long journey is (a symbol the opposite) of our own journey through life seeking Jesus.

23. Christmas is (one day a season) of the liturgical year.

24. The Book of Psalms is a collection of (50 150) sacred songs and poems.
Unit 3 Assessment
Show What You Know

C. What are some common feelings that the psalms help us express? Describe a possible scenario in which you may use a particular kind of psalm.

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Beliefs and Perceptions

D. What desire did Paul express in his letters to the Christians? In what ways does the Church continue this desire today? How do your own actions make a difference in the world?

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Unit 4 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. The role of prophets in ancient Jewish society was to
   a. rule kingdoms.           c. speak for God.
   b. lead wars.              d. be martyred.

2. Second Isaiah was called by the Holy Spirit to
   a. build a temple.         c. write books for the Bible.
   b. develop a system of justice. d. comfort exiles in Babylon.

3. The sacraments in which we find the power of Jesus' gift to heal are
   b. Anointing of the Sick and Penance and Reconciliation.
   d. Confirmation and Holy Orders.

4. The destruction of Solomon's Temple was witnessed by
   a. the prophet Amos.        c. the prophet Isaiah.
   b. the prophet Jeremiah.    d. all of these.

5. Adults preparing to become members of God's family are called
   a. Chrism.                  c. catechumens.
   b. seraphim.                d. bishops.

6. The Church is built on the teachings of
   a. Jesus.                  c. the Apostles.
   b. the prophets.           d. all of these.

7. During the Lenten season, we remember
   a. the great sacrifice Jesus made.       c. how to heal the sick.
   b. the work of the prophets.             d. the birth of John the Baptist.

8. Baptism is necessary for
   b. salvation.              d. indulgences.

9. Because life is sacred, the Church condemns the practice of
   a. advanced age.           c. euthanasia.
   b. purification.           d. all of these.

10. During Lent, we limit the size of our meals on
    a. Good Friday.           c. Holy Thursday.
Unit 4 Assessment

B. Circle the choice that best completes each sentence.

11. The prophet Isaiah had a vision of God sitting on a throne, surrounded by angel guardians called (prophecies seraphim).

12. Jesus gave the (prophets Apostles) the authority to heal the sick and to perform miracles.

13. God called (prophets catechumens) to intervene in societies that no longer followed his commandments.

14. Ignatius of Loyola began a period of deep reflection after being inspired by the lives of (Jesus and the saints the early popes).

15. The Apostles and prophets are the foundation of the household of God, and Jesus is the (building stone keystone).

16. Second Isaiah proclaimed that God would lead the Jewish people back to (the Promised Land Solomon’s Temple).

17. A person is marked as a member of the Church by the Sacrament of (Matrimony Baptism).

18. We celebrate the Sacrament of Reconciliation after a careful (examination preparation) of conscience.

19. During Lent the practice of (consecration fasting) makes us more aware of the struggles that others face each day.

20. A temporary state of final preparation and purification before being in God’s presence is called (Purgatory penance).


22. During Lent, the sanctuary decorations are (celebratory simple).

23. A special oil that is blessed and used for the purpose of anointing the forehead at Confirmation is called (Chrism a character).

24. After receiving absolution, a person must perform the (penance sacrament) assigned by the priest.
Unit 4 Assessment
Show What You Know

C. Choose one of the prophets you learned about in this unit. What did this prophet do to bring about change, give comfort, or promote harmony between society’s existence and God’s commandments?

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Beliefs and Perceptions

D. How have the sacraments so far guided you to become a member of God’s family? What role will the sacraments have in your life as you grow into an adult?

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Unit 5 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. Faith, hope, and charity are examples of
   a. Christian desires.
   b. perfect harmony.
   c. the Theological Virtues.
   d. none of these.

2. The three Theological Virtues are brought together in perfect harmony through the practice of
   a. charity.
   b. effort.
   c. wishing.
   d. none of these.

3. In the Sacrament of Marriage, the rings symbolize
   a. unconditional love.
   b. fidelity.
   c. deep faith and peace.
   d. all of these.

4. A way of life to which God calls us so that we can live out the Church's mission is
   a. a sacrament.
   b. a vocation.
   c. a charism.
   d. an encyclical.

5. *Dominion* means
   a. “small or large.”
   b. “love and care.”
   c. “control or rule.”
   d. “resources.”

6. *Solidarity* is another word for
   a. dignity.
   b. wisdom.
   c. responsibility.
   d. unity.

7. The Letter of James explains that faith without action is
   a. meaningful.
   b. important.
   c. meaningless.
   d. to be desired.

8. Our fundamental rights include
   a. personal freedom.
   b. religious liberty.
   c. life.
   d. all of these.

9. During the Easter season, we celebrate
   a. Jesus' Resurrection.
   b. Jesus' Ascension.
   c. Pentecost.
   d. all of these.

10. God's gift of forgiveness is
    a. salvation.
    b. creation.
    c. dominion.
    d. none of these.
Unit 5 Assessment

B. Circle the choice that best completes each sentence.

11. Saint Benedict of Palermo is the patron saint of
    (African Americans  monks).

12. Benedict was a former slave who became a (monk  chef).

13. The ability to believe in God and give our lives to him is called (hope  faith).

14. When a person is declared a saint, he or she is (canonized  resurrected).

15. A (Professor  Doctor) of the Church is one who gives special guidance to
    Christians seeking a deeper spiritual life.

16. A letter of instruction to the Church is called an (intercession  encyclical).

17. (Charisms  Vocations) are gifts of the Holy Spirit that help members of
    the Church serve the common good.

18. By increasing our solidarity with people around the world, we can work
    to bring about environmental and social (justice  freedom).

19. Saint Patrick adapted (pagan  seasonal) celebrations to become Christian feasts.

20. Jesus Christ brings us together in a community that is the (government  Church).

21. The principles of (natural  Social) law are contained in the Ten Commandments.

22. (Green  White) is the liturgical color of the Easter season.

23. God created everyone and everything on earth, and it is our (failure  duty) to
    care for all.

24. The Easter Vigil has (four  six) parts.
Unit 5 Assessment
Show What You Know

C. As Christians we have many duties and responsibilities to God, to our
neighbors, and to the natural world. What are some of these?

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Beliefs and Perceptions

D. How can our actions and words show our love for others? Why are actions and words
an important part of faith?

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