

Unit 2 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. God guided Jacob's destiny and gave him
 - a. a new wife.
 - b. the new name Israel.
 - c. a new home.
 - d. money.

2. When Moses asked his name, God called himself
 - a. Father John.
 - b. the Messiah.
 - c. the Father.
 - d. Yahweh.

3. To remember the new covenant that began with Jesus' Death and Resurrection,
 - a. we buy things.
 - b. we celebrate the Eucharist.
 - c. we celebrate Advent.
 - d. we do all of the above.

4. Good results from bad choices and situations can occur because of
 - a. serious promises.
 - b. Advent.
 - c. Divine Providence.
 - d. catechism.

5. When the Hebrews reached Mount Sinai, God gave Moses
 - a. manna.
 - b. the Ten Commandments.
 - c. the Old Testament.
 - d. the pharaoh.

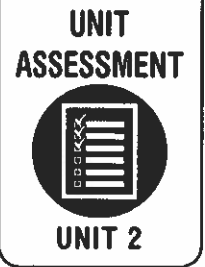
6. Through the Old Testament, the prophets share God's promise to send
 - a. wealth and riches.
 - b. the Messiah.
 - c. the Ten Commandments.
 - d. food and clothing.

7. During Advent we decorate a Jesse tree with
 - a. fruit and candy.
 - b. candles.
 - c. purple flowers.
 - d. symbols from the Bible.

8. In choosing to be with Uriah's wife, David
 - a. could not rule Israel.
 - b. lost the trust of his army.
 - c. gave up his kingdom.
 - d. ignored what he knew was right.

9. All of the following are true of the Exodus except that
 - a. it was a journey to freedom.
 - b. it lasted 40 years.
 - c. it ended with Passover.
 - d. God supplied manna for food.

10. Ruth set aside her own needs to care for her
 - a. relatives.
 - b. mother-in-law.
 - c. children.
 - d. property.

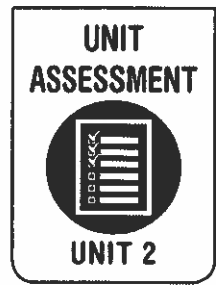


Unit 2 Assessment

B. Circle the word or words that best complete each sentence.

11. During the famine, Jacob and his family went to (Egypt Jerusalem).
12. John Neumann was one of the most influential (popes bishops) to have lived in the United States.
13. When God created the world, he rested on the seventh day. That day is celebrated as (the Sabbath Passover).
14. After Jacob took his brother's birthright, he also tricked (Isaac Esau) into blessing him.
15. Jacob's descendants came to be known as the (Moabs Israelites).
16. The Hebrew people were enslaved by the Egyptian (pharaoh covenant).
17. (Mass Passover) is celebrated as a memorial to God for saving the Hebrews from slavery.
18. During the Exodus, God gave the Hebrews food that fell from the sky, called (pharaoh manna).
19. God reminds us that freedom of choice is not only a gift but also a (responsibility consequence).
20. Advent is celebrated with a spirit of (foreboding reflection) during which we prepare ourselves to celebrate the coming of Jesus.
21. During Advent, the priest wears (green violet) vestments.
22. Ruth was the great-grandmother of (King David Jesus).
23. King David established (Bethlehem Jerusalem) as the capital of Israel.
24. The Church's liturgical year begins on the (first last) Sunday of Advent.
25. The Hebrew word (*Yahweh Moses*) means "I am who I am."

Name _____ Date _____



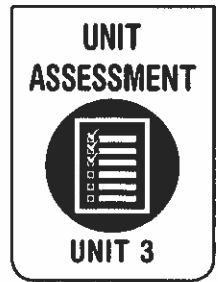
Unit 2 Assessment

Show What You Know

C. Why does a unit about Jesus include stories about Jacob, Moses, David, and Ruth? What is their connection to Jesus?

Beliefs and Perceptions

D. Through Divine Providence, God may bring about good results from bad choices. Is it ever right to make a bad choice in hopes of having a good result? What is the role of free will in making moral choices?



Unit 3 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. Wisdom Literature
 - a. tells only stories of kings.
 - b. helps us explore life's meaning and gives practical advice.
 - c. is only about Jesus' life.
 - d. is meant to entertain us.

2. In ancient Judaism, worshipers thanked God through
 - a. donating all possessions.
 - b. animal sacrifice.
 - c. human sacrifice.
 - d. hours of prayer.

3. Mass is an example of
 - a. communal prayer.
 - b. personal prayer.
 - c. Wisdom Literature.
 - d. none of these.

4. The first visitors to acknowledge Jesus as king were the
 - a. priests.
 - b. prophets.
 - c. soldiers.
 - d. Magi.

5. The four Marks of the Church are identified in the
 - a. Lord's Prayer.
 - b. Nicene Creed.
 - c. Hail Mary.
 - d. *Magnificat*.

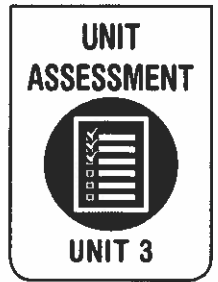
6. The Nicene Creed helps Christians remember important
 - a. names and dates.
 - b. virtues.
 - c. beliefs of the faith.
 - d. holy days.

7. Saint Helena was the mother of
 - a. an Apostle.
 - b. Saint Peter.
 - c. a Roman emperor.
 - d. a carpenter.

8. *Catholic* means
 - a. "with the Apostles."
 - b. "holy."
 - c. "universal."
 - d. "gift of grace."

9. The liturgical color during Christmas is
 - a. purple.
 - b. white.
 - c. gold.
 - d. red.

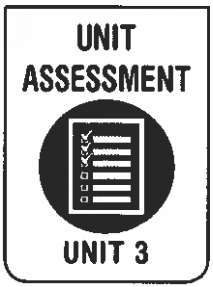
10. *Epiphany* means
 - a. "revelation."
 - b. "to become holy."
 - c. "to bear gifts."
 - d. "to watch and learn."



Unit 3 Assessment

B. Circle the choice that best completes each sentence.

11. A great temple to God was constructed on Mount Zion by (David Solomon).
12. (Psalms Personal prayers) are conversations between God and ourselves alone.
13. The Church is (holy apostolic) because it lives in union with Jesus.
14. Mary is called the Seat of Wisdom because she trusted God with perfect (obedience intelligence).
15. The Ark of the Covenant was said to have held the actual stone tablets received by (Moses Abraham).
16. Today the Church is still the sign and instrument of God's (communion construction) with all humanity.
17. The Magi were guided to Jesus by a (bright star singing bird).
18. The Church is (apostolic catholic) because it traces its tradition directly from the Apostles.
19. (Paul Mary) is the greatest example of holiness.
20. The People of God are all (miracles temples) of the Holy Spirit.
21. Paul encouraged Christians to treat one another with love as they learned from Jesus and (Mary the Apostles).
22. The Magi's long journey is (a symbol the opposite) of our own journey through life seeking Jesus.
23. Christmas is (one day a season) of the liturgical year.
24. The Book of Psalms is a collection of (50 150) sacred songs and poems.



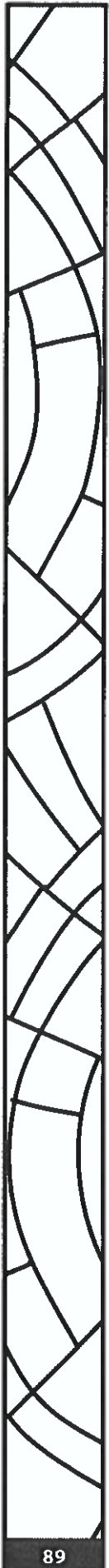
Unit 3 Assessment

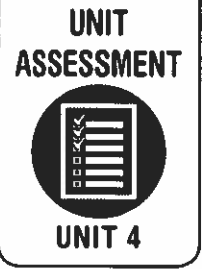
Show What You Know

C. What are some common feelings that the psalms help us express? Describe a possible scenario in which you may use a particular kind of psalm.

Beliefs and Perceptions

D. What desire did Paul express in his letters to the Christians? In what ways does the Church continue this desire today? How do your own actions make a difference in the world?





Unit 4 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. The role of prophets in ancient Jewish society was to
 - a. rule kingdoms.
 - b. lead wars.
 - c. speak for God.
 - d. be martyred.

2. Second Isaiah was called by the Holy Spirit to
 - a. build a temple.
 - b. develop a system of justice.
 - c. write books for the Bible.
 - d. comfort exiles in Babylon.

3. The sacraments in which we find the power of Jesus' gift to heal are
 - a. Matrimony and Holy Orders.
 - b. Anointing of the Sick and Penance and Reconciliation.
 - c. Baptism and Confirmation.
 - d. Confirmation and Holy Orders.

4. The destruction of Solomon's Temple was witnessed by
 - a. the prophet Amos.
 - b. the prophet Jeremiah.
 - c. the prophet Isaiah.
 - d. all of these.

5. Adults preparing to become members of God's family are called
 - a. Chrism.
 - b. seraphim.
 - c. catechumens.
 - d. bishops.

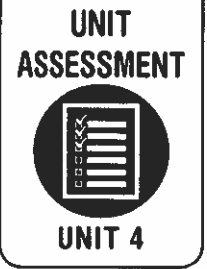
6. The Church is built on the teachings of
 - a. Jesus.
 - b. the prophets.
 - c. the Apostles.
 - d. all of these.

7. During the Lenten season, we remember
 - a. the great sacrifice Jesus made.
 - b. the work of the prophets.
 - c. how to heal the sick.
 - d. the birth of John the Baptist.

8. Baptism is necessary for
 - a. preparation.
 - b. salvation.
 - c. Purgatory.
 - d. indulgences.

9. Because life is sacred, the Church condemns the practice of
 - a. advanced age.
 - b. purification.
 - c. euthanasia.
 - d. all of these.

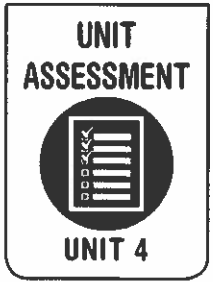
10. During Lent, we limit the size of our meals on
 - a. Good Friday.
 - b. Palm Sunday.
 - c. Holy Thursday.
 - d. Ash Wednesday.



Unit 4 Assessment

B. Circle the choice that best completes each sentence.

11. The prophet Isaiah had a vision of God sitting on a throne, surrounded by angel guardians called (prophecies seraphim).
12. Jesus gave the (prophets Apostles) the authority to heal the sick and to perform miracles.
13. God called (prophets catechumens) to intervene in societies that no longer followed his commandments.
14. Ignatius of Loyola began a period of deep reflection after being inspired by the lives of (Jesus and the saints the early popes).
15. The Apostles and prophets are the foundation of the household of God, and Jesus is the (building stone keystone).
16. Second Isaiah proclaimed that God would lead the Jewish people back to (the Promised Land Solomon's Temple).
17. A person is marked as a member of the Church by the Sacrament of (Matrimony Baptism).
18. We celebrate the Sacrament of Reconciliation after a careful (examination preparation) of conscience.
19. During Lent the practice of (consecration fasting) makes us more aware of the struggles that others face each day.
20. A temporary state of final preparation and purification before being in God's presence is called (Purgatory penance).
21. The Gospel of Matthew contains many references to the prophetic books of the (Old New) Testament.
22. During Lent, the sanctuary decorations are (celebratory simple).
23. A special oil that is blessed and used for the purpose of anointing the forehead at Confirmation is called (Chrism a character).
24. After receiving absolution, a person must perform the (penance sacrament) assigned by the priest.



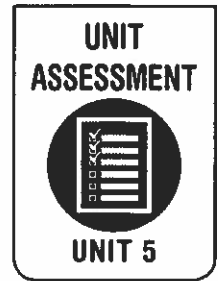
Unit 4 Assessment

Show What You Know

C. Choose one of the prophets you learned about in this unit. What did this prophet do to bring about change, give comfort, or promote harmony between society's existence and God's commandments?

Beliefs and Perceptions

D. How have the sacraments so far guided you to become a member of God's family? What role will the sacraments have in your life as you grow into an adult?



Unit 5 Assessment

A. Circle the letter of the choice that best completes each sentence.

1. Faith, hope, and charity are examples of
 - a. Christian desires.
 - b. perfect harmony.
 - c. the Theological Virtues.
 - d. none of these.

2. The three Theological Virtues are brought together in perfect harmony through the practice of
 - a. charity.
 - b. effort.
 - c. wishing.
 - d. none of these.

3. In the Sacrament of Marriage, the rings symbolize
 - a. unconditional love.
 - b. fidelity.
 - c. deep faith and peace.
 - d. all of these.

4. A way of life to which God calls us so that we can live out the Church's mission is
 - a. a sacrament.
 - b. a vocation.
 - c. a charism.
 - d. an encyclical.

5. *Dominion* means
 - a. "small or large."
 - b. "love and care."
 - c. "control or rule."
 - d. "resources."

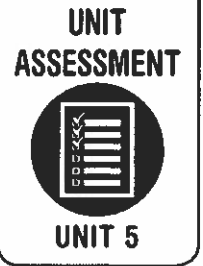
6. *Solidarity* is another word for
 - a. dignity.
 - b. wisdom.
 - c. responsibility.
 - d. unity.

7. The Letter of James explains that faith without action is
 - a. meaningful.
 - b. important.
 - c. meaningless.
 - d. to be desired.

8. Our fundamental rights include
 - a. personal freedom.
 - b. religious liberty.
 - c. life.
 - d. all of these.

9. During the Easter season, we celebrate
 - a. Jesus' Resurrection.
 - b. Jesus' Ascension.
 - c. Pentecost.
 - d. all of these.

10. God's gift of forgiveness is
 - a. salvation.
 - b. creation.
 - c. dominion.
 - d. none of these.

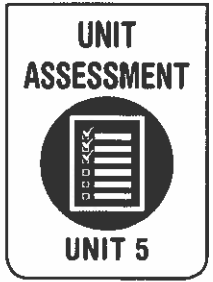


Unit 5 Assessment

B. Circle the choice that best completes each sentence.

11. Saint Benedict of Palermo is the patron saint of (African Americans monks).
12. Benedict was a former slave who became a (monk chef).
13. The ability to believe in God and give our lives to him is called (hope faith).
14. When a person is declared a saint, he or she is (canonized resurrected).
15. A (Professor Doctor) of the Church is one who gives special guidance to Christians seeking a deeper spiritual life.
16. A letter of instruction to the Church is called an (intercession encyclical).
17. (Charisms Vocations) are gifts of the Holy Spirit that help members of the Church serve the common good.
18. By increasing our solidarity with people around the world, we can work to bring about environmental and social (justice freedom).
19. Saint Patrick adapted (pagan seasonal) celebrations to become Christian feasts.
20. Jesus Christ brings us together in a community that is the (government Church).
21. The principles of (natural Social) law are contained in the Ten Commandments.
22. (Green White) is the liturgical color of the Easter season.
23. God created everyone and everything on earth, and it is our (failure duty) to care for all.
24. The Easter Vigil has (four six) parts.

Name _____ Date _____



Unit 5 Assessment

Show What You Know

C. As Christians we have many duties and responsibilities to God, to our neighbors, and to the natural world. What are some of these?

Beliefs and Perceptions

D. How can our actions and words show our love for others? Why are actions and words an important part of faith?
