

- (1) Tenant shall not remove Improvements if State waives the requirement for removal of some or all Tenant-Owned Improvements.
- (2) Tenant shall maintain such Improvements in accordance with this Lease until the expiration, termination, or cancellation date. Tenant is liable to State for cost of repair if Tenant causes or allows damage to Improvements State has designated to remain.

**7.6 Disposition of Unauthorized Improvements.**

- (a) Unauthorized Improvements belong to State, unless State elects otherwise.
- (b) State may either:
  - (1) Consent to Tenant ownership of the Improvements, or
  - (2) Charge rent for use of the Improvements from the time of installation or construction and
    - (i) Require Tenant to remove the Improvements in accordance with Paragraph 7.3, in which case Tenant shall pay rent for the Improvements until removal, or
    - (ii) Consent to Improvements remaining and Tenant shall pay rent for the use of the Improvements, or
    - (iii) Remove Improvements and Tenant shall pay for the cost of removal and disposal, in which case Tenant shall pay rent for use of the Improvements until removal and disposal.

**7.7 Disposition of Personal Property.**

- (a) Tenant retains ownership of Personal Property unless Tenant and State agree otherwise in writing.
- (b) Tenant shall remove Personal Property from the Property by the Termination Date. Tenant is liable for damage to the Property and Improvements resulting from removal of Personal Property.
- (c) State may sell or dispose of all Personal Property left on the Property after the Termination Date.
  - (1) If State conducts a sale of Personal Property, State shall apply proceeds first to the State's administrative costs in conducting the sale, second to payment of amount that then may be due from the Tenant to the State. State shall pay the remainder, if any, to the Tenant.
  - (2) If State disposes of Personal Property, Tenant shall pay for the cost of removal and disposal.

**SECTION 8 ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITY/RISK ALLOCATION**

**8.1 Definitions.**

- (a) "Hazardous Substance" means any substance that now or in the future becomes regulated or defined under any federal, state, or local statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, or other law relating to human health, environmental protection, contamination, pollution, or cleanup.

- (b) "Release or threatened release of Hazardous Substance" means a release or threatened release as defined under any law described in Paragraph 8.1(a).
- (c) "Utmost care" means such a degree of care as would be exercised by a very careful, prudent, and competent person under the same or similar circumstances; the standard of care applicable under the Washington State Model Toxics Control Act ("MTCA"), Chapter 70.105 RCW, as amended.
- (d) "Tenant and affiliates" when used in this Section 8 means Tenant or Tenant's subtenants, contractors, agents, employees, guests, invitees, licensees, affiliates, or any person on the Property with the Tenant's permission.
- (e) "Liabilities" as used in this Section 8 means any claims, demands, proceedings, lawsuits, damages, costs, expenses, fees (including attorneys' fees and disbursements), penalties, or judgments.

**8.2 General Conditions.**

- (a) Tenant's obligations under this Section 8 extend to the area in, on, under, or above
  - (1) The Property and
  - (2) Adjacent state-owned aquatic lands if affected by a release of Hazardous Substances that occurs as a result of the Permitted Use.
- (b) Standard of Care.
  - (1) Tenant shall exercise the utmost care with respect to Hazardous Substances.
  - (2) Tenant shall exercise utmost care for the foreseeable acts or omissions of third parties with respect to Hazardous Substances, and the foreseeable consequences of those acts or omissions, to the extent required to establish a viable, third-party defense under the law.

**8.3 Current Conditions and Duty to Investigate.**

- (a) State makes no representation about the condition of the Property. Hazardous Substances may exist in, on, under, or above the Property.
- (b) This Lease does not impose a duty on State to conduct investigations or supply information to Tenant about Hazardous Substances.
- (c) Tenant is responsible for conducting all appropriate inquiry and gathering sufficient information about the existence, scope, and location of Hazardous Substances on or near the Property necessary for Tenant to meet Tenant's obligations under this Lease and utilize the Property for the Permitted Use.

**8.4 Use of Hazardous Substances.**

- (a) Tenant and affiliates shall not use, store, generate, process, transport, handle, release, or dispose of Hazardous Substances, except in accordance with all applicable laws.
- (b) Tenant shall not undertake, or allow others to undertake by Tenant's permission, acquiescence, or failure to act, activities that result in a release or threatened release of Hazardous Substances.
- (c) If use of Hazardous Substances related to Tenant's use or occupancy of the Property results in violation of law:

- (1) Tenant shall submit to State any plans for remedying the violations, and
- (2) Tenant shall implement any remedial measures to restore the Property or natural resources that State may require in addition to remedial measures required by regulatory authorities.

**8.5 Management of Contamination, if any.**

- (a) Tenant and affiliates shall not undertake activities that:
  - (1) Damage or interfere with the operation of remedial or restoration activities, if any;
  - (2) Result in human or environmental exposure to contaminated sediments, if any;
  - (3) Result in the mechanical or chemical disturbance of on-site habitat mitigation, if any.
- (b) If requested, Tenant shall allow reasonable access to:
  - (1) Employees and authorized agents of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Washington State Department of Ecology, health department, or other similar environmental agencies; and
  - (2) Potentially liable or responsible parties who are the subject of an order or consent decree that requires access to the Property. Tenant may negotiate an access agreement with such parties, but Tenant may not unreasonably withhold such agreement.

**8.6 Notification and Reporting.**

- (a) Tenant shall immediately notify State if Tenant becomes aware of any of the following:
  - (1) A release or threatened release of Hazardous Substances;
  - (2) Any new discovery of or new information about a problem or liability related to, or derived from, the presence of Hazardous Substances;
  - (3) Any lien or action arising from Hazardous Substances;
  - (4) Any actual or alleged violation of any federal, state, or local statute, ordinance, rule, regulation, or other law pertaining to Hazardous Substances;
  - (5) Any notification from the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the Washington State Department of Ecology (DOE) that remediation or removal of Hazardous Substances is or may be required at the Property.
- (b) Tenant's duty to report under Paragraph 8.6(a) extends to lands described in Paragraph 8.2(a) and to any other property used by Tenant in conjunction with the Property if a release of Hazardous Substances on the other property could affect the Property.
- (c) Tenant shall provide State with copies of all documents Tenant submits to any federal, state or local authorities concerning environmental impacts or proposals relative to the Property. Documents subject to this requirement include, but are not limited to, applications, reports, studies, or audits for National Pollution Discharge and Elimination System Permits; Army Corps of Engineers permits; State Hydraulic Project Approvals (HPA); State Water Quality certification; Substantial Development permit; and any reporting necessary for the existence, location, and storage of Hazardous Substances on the Property.

**8.7 Indemnification.**

- (a) Tenant shall fully indemnify, defend, and hold State harmless from and against Liabilities that arise out of, or relate to:
  - (1) The use, storage, generation, processing, transportation, handling, or disposal of any Hazardous Substance by Tenant and affiliates occurring whenever Tenant occupies or has occupied the Property;
  - (2) The release or threatened release of any Hazardous Substance resulting from any act or omission of Tenant and affiliates occurring whenever Tenant occupies or has occupied the Property.
- (b) Tenant shall fully indemnify, defend, and hold State harmless for Liabilities that arise out of or relate to Tenant's breach of obligations under Paragraph 8.5.

**8.8 Reservation of Rights.**

- (a) For Liabilities not covered by the indemnification provisions of Paragraph 8.7, the Parties expressly reserve and do not waive any rights, claims, immunities, causes of action, or defenses relating to Hazardous Substances that either Party may have against the other under law.
- (b) The Parties expressly reserve all rights, claims, immunities, and defenses either Party may have against third parties. Nothing in this Section 8 benefits or creates rights for third parties.
- (c) The allocations of risks, Liabilities, and responsibilities set forth in this Section 8 do not release either Party from or affect the liability of either Party for Hazardous Substances claims or actions by regulatory agencies.

**8.9 Cleanup.**

- (a) If Tenant's act, omission, or breach of obligation under Paragraph 8.4 results in a release of Hazardous Substances that exceeds the threshold limits of any applicable regulatory standard, Tenant shall, at Tenant's sole expense, promptly take all actions necessary or advisable to clean up the Hazardous Substances in accordance with applicable law.
- (b) Tenant may undertake a cleanup of the Property pursuant to the Washington State Department of Ecology's Voluntary Cleanup Program, provided that Tenant cooperates with the Department of Natural Resources in development of cleanup plans. Tenant shall not proceed with Voluntary Cleanup without the Department of Natural Resources approval of final plans. Nothing in the operation of this provision is an agreement by the Department of Natural Resources that the Voluntary Cleanup complies with any laws or with the provisions of this Lease. Tenant's completion of a Voluntary Cleanup is not a release from or waiver of any obligation for Hazardous Substances under this Lease.

**8.10 Sampling by State, Reimbursement, and Split Samples.**

- (a) State may enter the Property and conduct sampling, tests, audits, surveys, or investigations ("Tests") of the Property at any time to determine the existence, scope, or effects of Hazardous Substances.
- (b) If such Tests, along with any other information, demonstrate a breach of Tenant's obligations regarding Hazardous Substances under this Lease, Tenant shall

promptly reimburse State for all costs associated with the Tests, provided State gave Tenant thirty (30) calendar days advance notice in non-emergencies and reasonably practical notice in emergencies.

- (c) In non-emergencies, Tenant is entitled to obtain split samples of Test samples, provided Tenant gives State written notice requesting split samples at least ten (10) calendar days before State conducts Tests. Upon demand, Tenant shall promptly reimburse State for additional cost, if any, of split samples.
- (d) If either Party conducts Tests on the Property, the conducting Party shall provide the other with validated final data and quality assurance/quality control/chain of custody information about the Tests within sixty (60) calendar days of a written request by the other party, unless Tests are part of a submittal under Paragraph 8.6(c) in which case Tenant shall submit data and information to State without written request by State. Neither party is obligated to provide any analytical summaries or the work product of experts.

## SECTION 9 ASSIGNMENT AND SUBLETTING

**9.1 State Consent Required.** Tenant shall not convey, transfer, or encumber any part of Tenant's interest in this Lease or the Property without State's prior written consent, which State shall not unreasonably condition or withhold.

- (a) In determining whether to consent, State may consider, among other items, the proposed transferee's financial condition, business reputation, and experience, the nature of the proposed transferee's business, the then-current value of the Property, and such other factors as may reasonably bear upon the suitability of the transferee as a tenant of the Property. State may refuse its consent to any conveyance, transfer, or encumbrance if it will result in a subdivision of the leasehold. Tenant shall submit information regarding any proposed transferee to State at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of the proposed transfer.
- (b) State reserves the right to condition its consent upon:
  - (1) Changes in the terms and conditions of this Lease, including, but not limited to, the Annual Rent; and/or
  - (2) The agreement of Tenant or transferee to conduct Tests for Hazardous Substances on the Property or on other property owned or occupied by Tenant or the transferee.
- (c) Each permitted transferee shall assume all obligations under this Lease, including the payment of rent. No assignment, sublet, or transfer shall release, discharge, or otherwise affect the liability of Tenant.
- (d) State's consent under this Paragraph 9.1 does not constitute a waiver of any claims against Tenant for the violation of any term of this Lease.

**9.2 Rent Payments Following Assignment.** The acceptance by State of the payment of rent following an assignment or other transfer does not constitute consent to any assignment or transfer.

**9.3 Terms of Subleases.**

- (a) Tenant shall submit the terms of all subleases to State for approval.

- (b) Tenant shall incorporate the following requirements in all subleases:
- (1) The sublease must be consistent with and subject to all the terms and conditions of this Lease;
  - (2) The sublease must provide that this Lease controls if the terms of the sublease conflict with the terms of this Lease;
  - (3) The term of the sublease (including any period of time covered by a renewal option) must end before the Termination Date of the initial Term or any renewal term;
  - (4) The sublease must terminate if this Lease terminates for any reason;
  - (5) The subtenant must receive and acknowledge receipt of a copy of this Lease;
  - (6) The sublease must prohibit the prepayment to Tenant by the subtenant of more than the annual rent;
  - (7) The sublease must identify the rental amount subtenant is to pay to Tenant;
  - (8) The sublease must provide that there is no privity of contract between the subtenant and State;
  - (9) The sublease must require removal of the subtenant's Improvements and Personal Property upon termination of the sublease;
  - (10) The subtenant's permitted use must be within the scope of the Permitted Use; and
  - (11) The sublease must require the subtenant to meet all obligations of Tenant under Section 10, Indemnification, Financial Security, and Insurance

**9.4 Short-Term Subleases of Moorage Slips.** Short-term subleasing of moorage slips for a term of less than one year does not require State's written consent or approval pursuant to Paragraphs 9.1 or 9.3. Tenant shall conform moorage sublease agreements to the sublease requirements in Paragraph 9.3.

## SECTION 10 INDEMNITY, FINANCIAL SECURITY, INSURANCE

### 10.1 Indemnity.

- (a) Tenant shall indemnify, defend, and hold State, its employees, officers, and agents harmless from Claims arising out of the use, occupation, or control of the Property by Tenant, its subtenants, contractors, agents, invitees, guests, employees, affiliates, licensees, or permittees to the fullest extent permitted by law and subject to the limitations provided below.
- (b) "Claim" as used in this Paragraph 10.1 means any financial loss, claim, suit, action, damages, expenses, costs, fees (including attorneys' fees), fines, penalties, or judgments attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease, death, and damages to tangible property, including, but not limited to, land, aquatic life, and other natural resources. "Damages to tangible property" includes, but is not limited to, physical injury to the Property, diminution in value, and/or damages resulting from loss of use of the Property.

- (c) State shall not require Tenant to indemnify, defend, and hold State harmless for claims caused solely by or resulting solely from the negligence or willful act of the State or State's elected officials, employees, or agents.
- (d) Tenant specifically and expressly waives any immunity that may be granted under the Washington State Industrial Insurance Act, Title 51 RCW in connection with its obligation to indemnify, defend, and/or hold State and its agencies, officials, agents, or employees harmless. Further, the indemnification obligation under this Lease shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on amount or type of damages, compensation, or benefits payable to or for any third party under the worker's compensation acts.
- (e) Only to the extent RCW 4.24.115 applies and requires such a limitation, if a claim, suit, or action for injuries or damage is caused by or results from the concurrent negligence of (a) the State or State's agents or employees and (b) the Tenant or Tenant's subtenants, agents, or employees, these indemnity provisions shall be valid and enforceable only to the extent of the negligence of the Tenant and those acting on its behalf.
- (f) Section 8, Environmental Liability/Risk Allocation, exclusively shall govern Tenant's liability to State for Hazardous Substances and its obligation to indemnify, defend, and hold State harmless for Hazardous Substances.

## 10.2 Insurance Terms.

### (a) Insurance Required.

- (1) At its own expense, Tenant shall procure and maintain during the Term of this Lease, the insurance coverages and limits described in this Paragraph 10.2 and in Paragraph 10.3, Insurance Types and Limits. State may terminate this Lease if Tenant fails to maintain required insurance.

**-OR-**

***Alternative for Self-Insured. [Tenant certifies that it is self-insured for all the liability exposures, its self-insurance plan satisfies all State requirements, and its self-insurance plan provides coverage equal to that required in this Paragraph 10.2 and by Paragraph 10.3, Insurance Types and Limits. Tenant shall provide to State evidence of its status as a self-insured entity. Upon request by State, Tenant shall provide a written description of its financial condition and/or the self-insured funding mechanism. Tenant shall provide State with at least thirty (30) days' written notice prior to any material changes to Tenant's self-insured funding mechanism.]***

- (2) Unless State agrees to an exception, Tenant shall provide insurance issued by an insurance company or companies admitted to do business in the State of Washington and have a rating of A- or better by the most recently published edition of Best's Reports. Tenant may submit a request to the risk manager for the Department of Natural Resources to approve an exception to this requirement. If an insurer is not admitted, the insurance policies and procedures for issuing the insurance policies shall comply with Chapter 48.15 RCW and 284-15 WAC.

- (3) All general liability, excess, umbrella, property, builder's risk, and pollution legal liability insurance policies must name the State of Washington, the Department of Natural Resources, its elected and appointed officials, agents, and employees as an additional insured.
  - (4) All insurance provided in compliance with this Lease must be primary as to any other insurance or self-insurance programs afforded to or maintained by State.
- (b) Waiver.
- (1) Tenant waives all rights against State for recovery of damages to the extent insurance maintained pursuant to this Lease covers these damages.
  - (2) Except as prohibited by law, Tenant waives all rights of subrogation against State for recovery of damages to the extent that they are covered by insurance maintained pursuant to this lease.
- (c) Proof of Insurance.
- (1) Tenant shall provide State with a certificate(s) of insurance executed by a duly authorized representative of each insurer, showing compliance with insurance requirements specified in this Lease and, if requested, copies of policies to State.
  - (2) The certificate(s) of insurance must reference additional insureds and the Lease number.
  - (3) Receipt of such certificates or policies by State does not constitute approval by State of the terms of such policies.
- (d) State must receive written notice before cancellation or non-renewal of any insurance required by this Lease, as follows:
- (1) Insurers subject to RCW 48.18 (admitted and regulated by the Insurance Commissioner): If cancellation is due to non-payment of premium, provide State ten (10) days' advance notice of cancellation; otherwise, provide State forty-five (45) days' advance notice of cancellation or non-renewal.
  - (2) Insurers subject to RCW 48.15 (surplus lines): If cancellation is due to non-payment of premium, provide State ten (10) days' advance notice of cancellation; otherwise, provide State thirty (30) days' advance notice of cancellation or non-renewal.
- (e) Adjustments in Insurance Coverage.
- (1) State may impose changes in the limits of liability for all types of insurance as State deems necessary.
  - (2) Tenant shall secure new or modified insurance coverage within thirty (30) days after State requires changes in the limits of liability.
- (f) If Tenant fails to procure and maintain the insurance described above within fifteen (15) days after Tenant receives a notice to comply from State, State may either:
- (1) Deem the failure an Event of Default under Section 14, or
  - (2) Procure and maintain comparable substitute insurance and pay the premiums. Upon demand, Tenant shall pay to State the full amount paid by State, together with interest at the rate provided in Paragraph 6.2 from the date of State's notice of the expenditure until Tenant's repayment.
- (g) General Terms.



- (1) State does not represent that coverage and limits required under this Lease are adequate to protect Tenant.
- (2) Coverage and limits do not limit Tenant's liability for indemnification and reimbursements granted to State under this Lease.
- (3) The Parties shall use any insurance proceeds payable by reason of damage or destruction to property first to restore the real property covered by this Lease, then to pay the cost of the reconstruction, then to pay the State any sums in arrears, and then to Tenant.

### **10.3 Insurance Types and Limits.**

(a) General Liability Insurance.

- (1) Tenant shall maintain commercial general liability insurance (CGL) or marine general liability (MGL) covering claims for bodily injury, personal injury, or property damage arising on the Property and/or arising out of Tenant's use, occupation, or control of the Property and, if necessary, commercial umbrella insurance with a limit of not less than One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) per each occurrence. If such CGL or MGL insurance contains aggregate limits, the general aggregate limit must be at least twice the "each occurrence" limit. CGL or MGL insurance must have products-completed operations aggregate limit of at least two times the "each occurrence" limit.
- (2) CGL insurance must be written on Insurance Services Office (ISO) Occurrence Form CG 00 01 (or a substitute form providing equivalent coverage). All insurance must cover liability arising out of premises, operations, independent contractors, products completed operations, personal injury and advertising injury, and liability assumed under an insured contract (including the tort liability of another party assumed in a business contract) and contain separation of insured (cross-liability) condition.
- (3) MGL insurance must have no exclusions for non-owned watercraft.

(b) Workers' Compensation.

- (1) State of Washington Workers' Compensation.
  - (i) Tenant shall comply with all State of Washington workers' compensation statutes and regulations. Tenant shall provide workers' compensation coverage for all employees of Tenant. Coverage must include bodily injury (including death) by accident or disease, which arises out of or in connection with Tenant's use, occupation, and control of the Property.
  - (ii) If Tenant fails to comply with all State of Washington workers' compensation statutes and regulations and State incurs fines or is required by law to provide benefits to or obtain coverage for such employees, Tenant shall indemnify State. Indemnity shall include all fines; payment of benefits to Tenant, employees, or their heirs or legal representatives; and the cost of effecting coverage on behalf of such employees.

- (2) Longshore and Harbor Workers' and Jones Acts. Longshore and Harbor Workers' Act (33 U.S.C. Section 901 *et seq.*) and/or the Jones Act (46 U.S.C. Section 688) may require Tenant to provide insurance coverage in some circumstances. Tenant shall ascertain if such insurance is required and, if required, shall maintain insurance in compliance with law. Tenant is responsible for all civil and criminal liability arising from failure to maintain such coverage.
- (c) Employers' Liability Insurance. Tenant shall procure employers' liability insurance, and, if necessary, commercial umbrella liability insurance with limits not less than One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) each accident for bodily injury by accident each employee for bodily injury by disease.
- (d) Property Insurance.
  - (1) Tenant shall buy and maintain property insurance covering all real property and fixtures, equipment, tenant improvements and betterments (regardless of whether owned by Tenant or State). Such insurance must be written on an all risks basis and, at minimum, cover the perils insured under ISO Special Causes of Loss Form CP 10 30, and cover the full replacement cost of the property insured. Such insurance may have commercially reasonable deductibles. Any coinsurance requirement in the policy must be waived. The policy must include State as an insured and a loss payee.
  - (2) Tenant shall buy and maintain boiler and machinery insurance required by contract documents or by law, covering all real property and fixtures, equipment, tenant improvements and betterments (regardless of whether owned by Tenant or State) from loss or damage caused by the explosion of boilers, fired or unfired vessels, electric or steam generators, or pipes.
  - (3) In the event of any loss, damage, or casualty which is covered by one or more of the types of insurance described above, the Parties to this Lease shall proceed cooperatively to settle the loss and collect the proceeds of such insurance, which State shall hold in trust, including interest earned by State on such proceeds, for use according to the terms of this Lease. The Parties shall use insurance proceeds in accordance with Paragraph 10.2(g)(3).
  - (4) When sufficient funds are available, using insurance proceeds described above, the Parties shall continue with reasonable diligence to prepare plans and specifications for, and thereafter carry out, all work necessary to:
    - (i) Repair and restore damaged building(s) and/or Improvements to their former condition, or
    - (ii) Replace and restore damaged building(s) and/or Improvements with a new building(s) and/or Improvements on the Property of a quality and usefulness at least equivalent to or more suitable than, damaged building(s) and/or Improvements.
- (e) Builder's Risk Insurance.
  - (1) Tenant shall procure and maintain in force, or require its contractor(s) to procure and maintain in force, builder's risk insurance on the entire work during the period construction is in progress and until completion of the project and acceptance by State. Such insurance must be written on a completed form and in an amount equal to the value of the completed

building and/or Improvements, subject to subsequent modifications to the sum. The insurance must be written on a replacement cost basis. The insurance must name Tenant, all contractors, and subcontractors in the work as insured. State must be named additional insured as required by Paragraph 10.2(a)(3).

- (2) Insurance described above must cover or include the following:
  - (i) All risks of physical loss except those specifically excluded in the policy, including loss or damage caused by collapse;
  - (ii) The entire work on the Property, including reasonable compensation for architect's services and expenses made necessary by an insured loss;
  - (iii) Portions of the work located away from the Property but intended for use at the Property, and portions of the work in transit;
  - (iv) Scaffolding, falsework, and temporary buildings located on the Property; and
  - (v) The cost of removing debris, including all demolition as made legally necessary by the operation of any law, ordinance, or regulation.
- (3) Tenant or Tenant(s) contractor(s) is responsible for paying any part of any loss not covered because of application of a deductible contained in the policy described above.
- (4) Tenant or Tenant(s) contractor shall buy and maintain boiler and machinery insurance required by contract documents or by law, covering insured objects during installation and until final acceptance by permitting authority. If testing is performed, such insurance must cover such operations. The insurance must name Tenant, all contractors, and subcontractors in the work as insured. State must be named additional insured as required by Paragraph 10.2(a)(3).

#### 10.4 Financial Security.

- (a) At its own expense, Tenant shall procure and maintain during the Term of this Lease a corporate security bond or provide other financial security that State, at its option, may approve ("Security"). Tenant shall provide Security in an amount equal to \_\_\_\_\_ (\$), which is consistent with RCW 79.105.330, and secures Tenant's performance of its obligations under this Lease, with the exception of the obligations under Section 8, Environmental Liability/Risk Allocation. Tenant's failure to maintain the Security in the required amount during the Term constitutes a breach of this Lease.
- (b) All Security must be in a form acceptable to the State.
  - (1) Bonds must be issued by companies admitted to do business within the State of Washington and have a rating of A-, Class VII or better, in the most recently published edition of Best's Reports, unless State approves an exception. Tenant may submit a request to the risk manager for the Department of Natural Resources for an exception to this requirement.

- (2) Letters of credit, if approved by State, must be irrevocable, allow State to draw funds at will, provide for automatic renewal, and comply with RCW 62A.5-101, *et. seq.*
- (3) Savings account assignments, if approved by State, must allow State to draw funds at will.
- (c) Adjustment in Amount of Security.
  - (1) State may require an adjustment in the Security amount:
    - (i) At the same time as revaluation of the Annual Rent,
    - (ii) As a condition of approval of assignment or sublease of this Lease,
    - (iii) Upon a material change in the condition or disposition of any Improvements, or
    - (iv) Upon a change in the Permitted Use.
  - (2) Tenant shall deliver a new or modified form of Security to State within thirty (30) days after State has required adjustment of the amount of the Security.
- (d) Upon any default by Tenant in its obligations under this Lease, State may collect on the Security to offset the liability of Tenant to State. Collection on the Security does not (1) relieve Tenant of liability, (2) limit any of State's other remedies, (3) reinstate or cure the default or (4) prevent termination of the Lease because of the default.

## SECTION 11 MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

**11.1 State's Repairs.** State shall not be required to make any alterations, maintenance, replacements, or repairs in, on, or about the Property, or any part thereof, during the Term.

**11.2 Tenant's Repairs, Alteration, Maintenance and Replacement.**

- (a) Tenant shall, at its sole cost and expense, keep and maintain the Property and all improvements (regardless of ownership) in good order and repair, in a clean, attractive, and safe condition.
- (b) Tenant shall, at its sole cost and expense, make any and all additions, repairs, alterations, maintenance, replacements, or changes to the Property or to any improvements on the Property which may be required by any public authority having jurisdiction over the Property and requiring it for public health, safety and welfare purposes.
- (c) Except as provided in Section 11.2(d), all additions, repairs, alterations, replacements or changes to the Property and to any improvements on the Property shall be made in accordance with, and ownership shall be governed by, Section 7, above.
- (d) Routine maintenance and repair are acts intended to prevent a decline, lapse or cessation of the Permitted Use and associated Improvements. Routine maintenance or repair that does not require regulatory permits does not require authorization from State pursuant to Section 7.