

Title: Grade 6 - Unit 1 Chapter 1

Student Name:

Class:

Date:

1. _____, or messages sent to the early Christians by the Apostles and their followers, is a literary form found in the New Testament.

- a. Traditional stories
- b. Letters
- c. Psalms and canticles

2. The Book of Psalms contains poems and prayers that were meant to be _____.

- a. acted out in skits
- b. sung or presented musically
- c. memorized and passed on in families

3. Even though Saint Teresa of Ávila was very committed to prayer and holiness, she also _____.

- a. knew that God wants people to laugh and have fun
- b. attended lots of banquets with expensive food and drinks
- c. encouraged followers of Jesus to study other religions

4. _____ is one of the steps in practicing Lectio Divina, a prayerful way to read Scripture.

- a. Putting yourself into the reading
- b. Memorizing a Scripture passage each day
- c. Singing the Psalms each evening

5. Ruth faithfully joined her mother-in-law, Naomi, and traveled to Judah even though _____.

- a. she was leaving her own country
- b. Naomi told her she didn't have to

c. both a and b

6. A very important theme in all of the literary forms of the Bible is _____.

- a. how God hates and punishes sin
- b. God's faithful love
- c. the need to be completely honest

7. After many centuries, God showed us his complete plan of salvation by _____.

- a. sending his Son, Jesus, and then the Holy Spirit
- b. dictating the last books of the Bible
- c. sending many prophets to tell about his plans

8. _____ is God's Word given to the Church, protected by Christ's Apostles, and passed down to the bishops over many centuries.

- a. The Bible
- b. Papal authority
- c. Sacred Tradition

9. The story of Ruth and Naomi in the Bible's Book of Ruth is an example of _____ to teach us how God rewards faithfulness.

- a. a Letter
- b. a parable
- c. a traditional story

10. _____ is a form of writing in the Bible that describes the destruction of evil and the coming of God's Reign.

- a. Psalms and canticles
- b. Apocalyptic literature
- c. Parables

11. _____ are the different kinds of writing styles in the Bible that tell the truth God wants to share.

- a. Literary forms
- b. Scripture verses
- c. Old and New Testaments

12. Divine Revelation, the communication God gives us about himself, comes to us in Sacred Scripture and in _____.

- a. the Bible
- b. Sacred Tradition
- c. stories about the Saints

13. Lectio Divina, a term that means " _____ " is a way to read and reflect on Scripture that leads us to prayer.

- a. new light
- b. divine reading
- c. holy lecture

14. Because Saint Teresa of Ávila knew how much people need Scripture to guide their lives, she _____.

- a. opened a Bible study school for lay people
- b. began teaching Scripture courses at a university in Spain
- c. revised the rules of her Carmelite order based on God's Word

15. The Bible, also called Sacred Scripture, is God's Word written by humans over a period of _____.

- a. six centuries and more
- b. one hundred years
- c. 1,000 years