ADA American Dental Association® Dental Claim Form

Cigna dental plans are insured and/or administered by:
Cigna Health and Life Insurance Company
Connecticut General Life Insurance Company
Cigna Dental Care®
For mailing address, call Customer Service at the telephone number listed on your Cigna ID card.

POLICYHOLDER/SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION (For Insurance Company Named in #3)
12. Policyholder/Subscriber Name (Last, First, Middle Initial, Suffix), Address, City, State, Zip Code

13. Date of Birth (MM/DD/CCYY) 14. Gender 15. Policyholder/Subscriber ID (SSN or ID#)
M F
16. Plan/Group Number 17. Employer Name
18. Plan/Group Name
32156484
ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW YORK

PATIENT INFORMATION
19. Relationship to Policyholder/Subscriber in #12 Above
Self Spouse Dependent Child Other
20. Name (Last, First, Middle Initial, Suffix), Address, City, State, Zip Code

21. Date of Birth (MM/DD/CCYY) 22. Gender 23. Patient ID/Account # (Assigned by Dentist)

31. Fee

32. Total Fee $0.00

ANCILLARY CLAIM/TREATMENT INFORMATION
38. Place of Treatment (e.g. 11-office, 22HOSP Hospital) (Use “Place of Service Codes for Professional Claims”)
39. Enclosures (Y) 
40. Is Treatment for Orthodontics? No (Skip 41-42) Yes (Complete 41-42)
41. Date Appliance Placed (MM/DD/CCYY)
42. Months of Treatment 43. Replacement of Prosthesis No Yes (Complete 44)
44. Date of Prior Placement (MM/DD/CCYY)
45. Treatment Resulting from 
Occupational illness/injury Auto accident Other accident
46. Date of Accident (MM/DD/CCYY) 47. Auto Accident State

TREATING DENTIST and TREATMENT LOCATION INFORMATION
53. I hereby certify that the procedures as indicated by date are in progress (for procedures that require multiple visits) or have been completed.

X

Signed (Treating Dentist) Date

54. NPI 55. License Number
56. Address, City, State, Zip Code 56a. Provider Specialty Code

57. Phone Number 58. Additional Provider ID

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J430D (Same as ADA Dental Claim Form - J430, J431, J432, J433, J434)
The following information highlights certain form completion instructions. Comprehensive ADA Dental Claim Form completion instructions are printed in the CDT manual. Any updates to these instructions will be posted on the ADA’s website (ADA.org).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS
A. The form is designed so that the name and address (Item 3) of the third-party payer receiving the claim (insurance company/dental benefit plan) is visible in a standard #9 window envelope (window to the left). Please fold the form using the ‘tick-marks’ printed in the margin.
B. Complete all items unless noted otherwise on the form or in the CDT manual’s instructions.
C. Enter the full name of an individual or a full business name, address and zip code when a name and address field is required.
D. All dates must include the four-digit year.
E. If the number of procedures reported exceeds the number of lines available on one claim form, list the remaining procedures on a separate, fully completed claim form.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS (COB)
When a claim is being submitted to the secondary payer, complete the entire form and attach the primary payer’s Explanation of Benefits (EOB) showing the amount paid by the primary payer. You may also note the primary carrier paid amount in the “Remarks” field (Item 35). There are additional detailed completion instructions in the CDT manual.

DIAGNOSIS CODING
The form supports reporting up to four diagnosis codes per dental procedure. This information is required when the diagnosis may affect claim adjudication when specific dental procedures may minimize the risks associated with the connection between the patient’s oral and systemic health conditions. Diagnosis codes are linked to procedures using the following fields:

- Item 29a – Diagnosis Code Pointer ("A" through "D" as applicable from Item 34a)
- Item 34 – Diagnosis Code List Qualifier (B for ICD-9-CM; AB for ICD-10-CM)
- Item 34a – Diagnosis Code(s) / A, B, C, D (up to four, with the primary adjacent to the letter "A")

PLACE OF TREATMENT
Enter the 2-digit Place of Service Code for Professional Claims, a HIPAA standard maintained by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Frequently used codes are:

- 11 = Office; 12 = Home; 21 = Inpatient Hospital; 22 = Outpatient Hospital; 31 = Skilled Nursing Facility; 32 = Nursing Facility

The full list is available online at "www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/Downloads/Website_POS_database.pdf"

PROVIDER SPECIALTY
This code is entered in Item 56a and indicates the type of dental professional who delivered the treatment. The general code listed as "Dentist" may be used instead of any of the other codes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category / Description Code</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dentist</td>
<td>122300000X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A dentist is a person qualified by a doctorate in dental surgery (D.D.S.) or dental medicine (D.M.D.) licensed by the state to practice dentistry, and practicing within the scope of that license.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Practice</td>
<td>1223G0001X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental Specialty (see following list)</td>
<td>Various</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dental Public Health</td>
<td>1223D0001X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endodontics</td>
<td>1223E0200X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orthodontics</td>
<td>1223X0400X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pediatric Dentistry</td>
<td>1223P0221X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Periodontics</td>
<td>1223P0300X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prosthodontics</td>
<td>1223P0700X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral &amp; Maxillofacial Pathology</td>
<td>1223P0106X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral &amp; Maxillofacial Radiology</td>
<td>1223D0008X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral &amp; Maxillofacial Surgery</td>
<td>1223S0112X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provider taxonomy codes listed above are a subset of the full code set that is posted at "www.wpc-edl.com/codes/taxonomy"
Caution: Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person: (1) files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information; or (2) conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act.

IMPORTANT CLAIM NOTICE

Alaska Residents: A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive an insurance company or files a claim containing false, incomplete or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona Residents: For your protection, Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on/with this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties. The authorization shall remain in effect for the term of your coverage. You or your designated representative is entitled to receive a copy of this claim form.

California Residents: For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on/with this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado Residents: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading facts or information to an insurance company or for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

District of Columbia Residents: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida Residents: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Kentucky Residents: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals the information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maine Residents: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.

Maryland Residents: Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Minnesota Residents: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire Residents: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey Residents: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to both criminal and civil penalties.

New York Residents: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed $5000 and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Ohio Residents: Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oregon Residents: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person: (1) files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information; or, (2) conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact, may have committed a fraudulent insurance act.

Pennsylvania Residents: Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Rhode Island Residents: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Tennessee Residents: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

Texas Residents: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Virginia Residents: Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may have violated state law.

Washington Residents: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.


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